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Rehabilitation Protocol: Quad/Patellar Tendon Repair and Patella Fracture ORIF

PHASE I: Immediate Post-Op (0-2 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

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Rehabilitation Goals	 Protect repair Minimize postoperative pain Minimize postoperative edema Prevent complications from prolonged immobilization
Precautions	 Hinged knee brace should be locked in extension and worn at all times (ambulating, sleeping, standing, etc.) No active knee extension No passive knee flexion beyond 60 degrees - Do not push motion at this point
Weight Bearing	Weight Bearing as tolerated with hinged knee brace locked in extension
Interventions	Swelling Management Ice/cryotherapy Compression Elevation Retrograde massage Ankle pumps Range of motion/Mobility Gentle patellar mobilizations PROM Heel slides with towel Low intensity, long duration extension stretches: prone hang, heel prop Seated hamstring/calf stretch Strengthening Calf raises Quad sets Glute set
Criteria to Progress	 2 weeks post-op Knee extension to 0 deg

PHASE II: Intermediate Post-Op (2-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

 Rehabilitation Goals Continued minimization of post-operative pain/edema Progress knee flexion PROM Progress to full weight bearing status with use of locked brace 	
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	Initiate proximal/distal strengthening (hip, back, abdominals, ankle)
Weight Bearing	 Weight Bearing as tolerated with hinged knee brace locked in extension Should be full weight bearing by 6 weeks
Precautions	 Knee flexion PROM starts at 50 degrees week 2 Light overpressure only for PROM Progress 10 degrees/week until 90 degrees achieved 60 degree maximum end of week 2 70 degree maximum end of week 3 80 degree maximum end of week 4 90 degree maximum end of week 5 Hinged brace locked in extension for standing/walking/sleeping Brace worn at night until week 6 unless otherwise specified by surgeon Can unlock for sitting/laying (brace angle can be unlocked to available PROM, but not to exceed PROM progression noted above) Assistive device for ambulation as needed
Interventions -Continue with Phase I interventions	Range of motion/Mobility Patellofemoral Joint Mobilization Gradual flexion PROM with light overpressure per above Extension PROM with overpressure as needed Heel Slide Sitting knee flexion to above ROM Heel prop Cardio Upper body ergometer Strengthening Straight leg raise *without lag Side lying hip abduction and adduction, prone leg extension Standing hip abduction, adduction and extension Glute bridge with legs straight elevated on a chair Calf raise Core strengthening: Plank as able without discomfort in knee, TA brace progression Balance/proprioception Standing weight shifts
Criteria to Progress	 Full passive knee extension PROM Passive knee flexion to 90 degrees FWB in brace with no pain Active knee extension to 0 degrees with quad set

PHASE III: Late Post-Op (6-15 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Wean assistive devices if any are still used Restore full A/PROM of knee flexion
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	 Begin stationary bike when able Initiate progressive quadriceps loading/resistance exercises Restore static single leg balance Continue to progress proximal/distal strengthening
Weight Bearing	 Hinged brace unlocked for ambulation (0-60 degrees) provided patient demonstrates sufficient quad control during stance to prevent buckling Use brace until week 8 unless otherwise specified by surgeon Patient should demonstrate sufficient quad control, weight bearing tolerance and single limb stability prior to discharge of brace.
	 No weight bearing with flexion >90 deg until after 8 weeks A/PROM should be cautioned not to progress faster than 10 degrees per week before 12 weeks post-op Avoid aggressive quad stretching No maximal voluntary contraction of the quadriceps until week 16 (No manual muscle test or handheld dynamometer testing)
-Continue with Phase I-II interventions	Range of motion/Mobility Patellofemoral Joint Mobilization Flexion PROM with overpressure Heel Slide Sitting knee flexion Cardio Upper body ergometer Stationary bicycle - Begin with partial rotations, minimal resistance and gradually progress time and resistance once full motion is achieved Elliptical - may begin once active knee flexion motion reaches at least 120 degrees, able to perform 10 straight leg raises without lag, and gait is normalized without assistive device Strengthening *Progress strength gradually as appropriate avoiding anterior knee pain, many of the below exercises will not begin until 8-10 weeks or later Gym equipment: leg press machine, seated hamstring curl machine and hamstring curl machine, hip abductor and adductor machine, hip extension machine, roman chair, seated calf machine Progress intensity (strength) and duration (endurance) of exercises as appropriate *The following exercises to focus on proper control with emphasis on good proximal stability Squat to chair Lateral lunges Romanian deadlift (single and double leg) Resisted triple extension in standing Single leg progression: partial weight bearing single leg press, step ups and step ups with march, slide board lunges: retro and lateral, lateral step-ups, single leg squats, single leg wall slides, lateral step down Knee Extension machine at 16 weeks: If quad strength continues to be significantly limited, limiting further progression, may begin using knee extension machine as long

	 Proximal Strengthening: Double leg bridge, bridge with feet on physioball, single leg bridge, lateral band walk, standing clamshell/fire hydrant, hamstring walkout, TA brace with UE and LE progression Balance/proprioception Progress single limb balance including perturbation training
Criteria to Progress	 Good recovery of quadriceps strength Ability to perform 10 single leg squats to 60 degrees Quad strength of at least 70% on handheld dynamometer: If following standard timeline, and timeline not delayed due to integrity of repair, can test quad strength at week 16 Or 100% quad set compared to contralateral side (measured by sphygmomanometer in mmHg) Knee flexion PROM to at least 120 degrees Single leg stance to 30 seconds on involved side with no significant compensatory pattern Symmetrical gait pattern without use of assistive device Symmetrical stair negotiation without reliance on UE

PHASE IV: Transitional (4-6 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Restore full ROM and muscle length of quadriceps Restore quadriceps strength (quad index preferred) Restore single leg dynamic balance/eccentric control (Y balance preferred) Initiate return to jog/run protocol as tolerated Restore proximal/distal strength to symmetry with contralateral side
Precautions	Avoid pain more than delayed onset muscle soreness (DOMS) during or following exercise especially in the anterior knee/extensor mechanism
Interventions -Continue with Phase II-III interventions	 Begin sub-max sport specific training in the sagittal plane Bilateral PWB plyometrics progressed to FWB plyometrics Progress to plyometric and agility program (with functional brace if prescribed) Interval Running/Return to Running Program Must have full ROM, resolved swelling, no pain with walking, at least 80% limb symmetry on handheld dynamometer, and ability to perform SL hop with good form prior to initiating jogging progression
Criteria to Progress	 Quad index of at least 90% (handheld dynamometry preferred, if not sphygmomanometer is acceptable, but consider referring to clinic with dynamometry available for testing) Isokinetic dynamometry should be held until 6 months and reserved for cases where advanced return to sport/activity is needed Symmetrical strength measures in hamstrings and hip (dynamometry preferred) Y balance test within 90% of contralateral side Symmetry in gait while jogging

PHASE V: Progressive Return to Sport (6-8 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Progress running/sprinting program Improve multidirectional dynamic movements and control of acceleration/deceleration Improve power in plyometrics and landing mechanics Restore full quadriceps strength Return to sport/competition with minimal risk of re-injury
Interventions -Continue with Phase II-IV interventions	Add sport specific exercises based on patient's desired sport goals If participating in a cutting/sprinting sport, increased focus on rapid acceleration/deceleration activities and change of direction drills gradually increasing demand and predictability of drill
Criteria to Progress	 Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met Quad index of at least 90% (measured by dynamometry, isokinetic preferred) Functional Assessment Quad/HS/glut index ≥95%; HHD mean or isokinetic testing @ 60d/s Hamstring/Quad ratio ≥66% Hop Testing ≥95% compared to contralateral side, demonstrating good landing mechanics

Protocol adapted from Mass General Sports Medicine Physical Therapy Rehabilitation Protocols. See https://www.massgeneral.org